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## Greek Key & Deco Pencil

Pencil Codes: GKPS & DPS



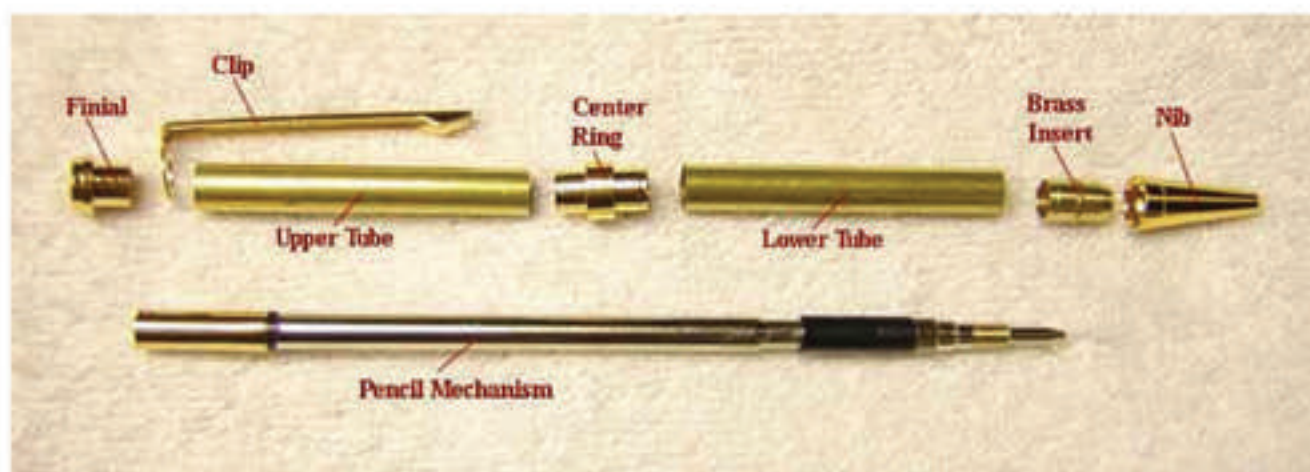
### Items required:

Turners Rtreat Evolution 9 Manddrel System

Bushings: BUSH 1

Drill: 7mm

Pen Blank: 5/8" x 5/8" x 5"



### Preparing the Material Blanks

1. Cut the material blanks a little longer, approximately 1/4", than the pencil tubes. It is worthy to note that the pencil tubes are shorter than the 7 MM pen tubes. They are NOT interchangeable.
2. Drill each blank through the center, lengthwise, with a 7 MM bit.
3. Polish the brass tubes with sandpaper. This can be done by hand or on a power machine such as a belt sander. The purpose of the sanding is to clean off the oxidation and roughen the tube so that the glue will have a better adhesion surface.
4. Plug the ends of the tubes with the material of your choice. Some use base wax, a dental product, or Play Dough, or even a slice of potato. Just push the ends of the tubes into a thin section of the material. This will form a plug to keep the glue from getting into the tube.
5. Clean the tube, after plugging, with acetone or alcohol on a rag.

6. Prepare your glue. We recommend two part epoxy glue that is available in all hardware stores. Use a fast drying type, one hour or less. Be sure to mix it thoroughly. (A Post-it Note Pad makes an excellent mixing place. When you are finished just tear it off and throw it away.) Polyurethanes and thick flexible CA's can be used, but they each have their drawbacks.
7. Place some epoxy into the blank using a small piece of dowel or other small stick.
8. Roll the appropriate tube in the epoxy.
9. Insert the tube with a twisting motion until it is almost in the material blank. Then use the dowel to push it in until the end is flush with the blank. Use the stick to rake off the excess glue even with the blank and the tube.
10. Push the brass tube through the blank until the other end is flush with the blank. Then rake the glue flush with that end. Now push the tube back into the blank until the tube is equidistant between both ends of the blank.
11. Move it aside for 60 minutes until the epoxy has had time to reach its maximum strength.
12. If you are using CA glue, the wait is only about 60 seconds. When using polyurethane the wait will be about 24 hours.
13. When the glue has cured use a hobby knife to remove the plugs from the ends. It is also a good idea to clean the tubes with a brass gun cleaning brush to remove any glue that may have gotten into the tubes.
14. Not cleaning out all glue from the tubes is the most common cause of pen failure. BE CERTAIN that all dried glue is removed from inside the tubes before proceeding.
15. Using a barrel trimmer of the proper size, face off the ends of the blanks until you can just see the bright brass end of the tube. STOP facing at this point. Your pen's proper operation is dependent on having the proper length tubes. This facing operation can also be done with the proper jig and a disk or belt sander.
16. Not having the proper tube length is the #2 cause of pen failure. Sanding, on a disk sander, using a jig to hold the tube square with the disk, is a more sure way of getting the proper length. It should be tried if you have any doubt as to your abilities to square the material with the barrel trimmer.
17. Another good method of squaring the ends of the blank is to turn the blank until it is just round. Using a miter gauge to maintain the blank perpendicular to the sanding disk, just touch the ends to the disk. Once the blanks are square and you can see the ends of the tubes brighten, then return the blanks to the mandrel and finish the turning until the desired contour is accomplished.

### **Turning the Blanks**



1. Assemble the blanks on the mandrel using 7 MM bushings. With these bushings it is not necessary to be particular with the order they go on the mandrel. They are all identical.
2. Tighten the tailstock before tightening the blanks on the mandrel. This will center the mandrel first. Then tighten the nut that holds the blanks.
3. Turn the blanks to the desired contour making sure that the area next to the bushing is turned to the size of the adjacent bushing.
4. After turning the blank, sand the surface in progressive steps until you get to 400 or 500 grit.
5. If a higher polish finish is desired continue sanding with Micro Mesh through 12000 grit.
6. Apply the finish of your choice and polish.
7. Remove the blanks from the mandrel.

### **Assembling the Pencil**

Please refer to the Pen Parts diagram

The third most common error resulting in a non-functional or damaged pen is the misalignment of the parts when pressing them in place. The use of a good pen press or small arbor press is recommended, but it can be accomplished with a good "C" clamp and much care. When pressing in the various parts, by any means, BE SURE that the parts are straight and in line with the blanks. If the part is cocked or otherwise misaligned, at the very least, a poor fitting pen will result. At the worst, you may have a pen that is not usable. Exercise caution here!

One other word about pen parts. Occasionally, you will encounter parts that are a little loose fitting. This can be corrected by using a SMALL spot of glue, usually CA, on these parts before pressing them home.

1. Press the brass insert into one end of a turned blank. Only one end will fit the blank. The other end will be so loose that it will not stay in place.
2. Press the clip and the finial together. A split 7 MM tube will help accomplish this. Start the clip over the finial. Place the split end of the tube below the clip and over the tapered end of the finial. Use the tube to press the clip into place.
3. Press the clip/finial assembly into one end of the other tube. If you are matching pattern or grain, this should be taken into account when selecting which end to use for the finial.
4. Press the center ring into the other end of either tube.
5. Press the center ring into the last remaining open end of a tube. Again, observe position when trying to match pattern or grain.
6. Insert the pencil mechanism into the finial end of the pencil as far as it will go.
7. Screw the nib onto the exposed end of the pencil mechanism and tighten finger tight.

Most pencil mechanisms come from the factory already loaded with lead. Simply pushing the button on the finial end will advance the lead.